



UIPM DISCIPLINARY RULES

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CHAPTER I. - LEGAL BASIS AND APPLICABILITY

- 1.1 These Rules are issued on the basis of Article 17 N° 4 and Article 29 of the UIPM Statutes and on Articles 6.1 lit (j) of the UIPM Rules on Internal Organisation.
- 1.2 These Rules are applicable to all Members of the UIPM, their members and each participant in the activity of the UIPM or any of its national federations by virtue of the participant's membership, accreditation or participation in the UIPM or its national federation activities or competitions.

CHAPTER II. - DEFINITIONS

- 2.1 Athletes are subject to disciplinary punishments.
- 2.2 Coaches, trainers, officials and staff of the UIPM and its Members, individual members of the UIPM and members of the UIPM Committees as well as any other participant under article 1.2 above are subject to disciplinary measures.



- 2.3** The 15 top ranked athletes, male as well as female, on the World Ranking List in Modern Pentathlon and Biathlon, as of 1 January each year, and the gold medal winners at the previous World Championships, if not included on the World Ranking List, form the UIPM Registered Testing Pool.

CHAPTER III. - CONDUCT LEADING TO DISCIPLINARY PUNISHMENTS AND DISCIPLINARY MEASURES

- 3. Disciplinary punishments and disciplinary measures are imposed for:**
- a) violations of the principles of fair play and for unsporting conduct, for offences against the UIPM Competition Rules, as far as penalties are not imposed, and against the UIPM Medical Rules;
 - b) violations of the UIPM Statutes, the UIPM Rules on Internal Organisation, any other Rules of the UIPM as well as for offences against resolutions of the UIPM bodies;
 - c) endangering or impairing the reputation or the interests of the UIPM and for impairing the contractual relations of the UIPM;
 - d) offences against the UIPM, its bodies, its Members, and other persons connected with it.

CHAPTER IV. - PRE-REQUISITES FOR DISCIPLINARY PUNISHMENTS AND DISCIPLINARY MEASURES

- 4.1** With the exception of doping matters, persons who culpably, that means voluntarily or negligently, infringe the rules will be subject to disciplinary punishments or disciplinary measures. For doping matters, the concept lying behind the World Anti Doping Code and the UIPM Medical Rules article 1.2.2 applies.
- 4.2** With the exception of doping matters, in case of negligible violation, the competent UIPM body may refrain from imposing a disciplinary punishment or a disciplinary measure and may instead rebuke or impose a correction.
- 4.3** With the exception of doping matters, the respective UIPM bodies may refrain from a disciplinary punishment or impose a milder disciplinary punishment if the athlete makes great attempts to repair the damage that has been caused regarding the sporting community or the victim.
- 4.4** If a person establishes in an individual case involving a violation of Articles 1.2.2 (Presence of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method), 1.2.3 (Use of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method), 1.2.4 (Failing to submit to Sample collection), or 1.2.9 (Administration of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method) of the UIPM Medical Rules that he bears no fault or negligence for the violation, the otherwise applicable period of ban shall be eliminated. When a Prohibited Substance or its Markers or Metabolites is detected in an athlete's Specimen in violation of Article 1.2.2 of the UIPM Medical Rules, the person must also establish how the Prohibited Substance entered the athlete's system in order to have the period of ban eliminated. In the event this Article is applied and the period of ban otherwise applicable is eliminated, the anti-doping rule violation shall not be considered a violation for the limited purpose of determining the period of ban for multiple violations under Chapter V below.



- 4.5** If a person establishes in an individual case involving a violation of Articles 1.2.2 (Presence of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method), 1.2.3 (Use of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method), 1.2.4 (Failing to submit to Sample collection), or 1.2.9 (Administration of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method) of the UIPM Medical Rules that he bears no significant fault or negligence, then the period of ban may be reduced, but the reduced period of ban may not be less than one-half of the minimum period of ban otherwise applicable. If the otherwise applicable period of ban is a lifetime, the reduced period under this Article may be no less than eight years. When a Prohibited Substance or its Markers or Metabolites is detected in an athlete's Specimen in violation of Article 1.2.2 of the UIPM Medical Rules, the person must also establish how the Prohibited Substance entered the athlete's system in order to have the period of ban reduced.
- 4.6** In an individual case where a person has provided substantial assistance to the UIPM or any other Anti-Doping Organisation which results in their discovering or establishing an anti-doping rule violation by another person involving Possession under Articles 1.2.7 ii (Possession by Athlete Support Personnel), 1.2.8 (Trafficking), or 1.2.9 UIPM Medical Rules (Administration to an athlete) the period of ban may be reduced, but the reduced period of ban may not be less than one-half of the minimum period of ban otherwise applicable. If the otherwise applicable period of ban is a lifetime, the reduced period under this Article may be no less than eight years.

CHAPTER V. – RULES FOR CERTAIN POTENTIAL MULTIPLE ANTI-DOPING RULE VIOLATIONS

- 5.1** A second rule violation may be considered for sanctioning only if the UIPM can establish that the athlete or person under Article 2.2 above committed the second rule violation after the athlete or person under Article 2.2 above received notice, or after the UIPM made a reasonable attempt to give notice, of the first rule violation; if the UIPM cannot establish this, the violations shall be considered as one single first violation, and the disciplinary punishment or disciplinary measure imposed shall be based on the violation that carries the more severe sanction.
- 5.2** Where a person, based on the same Doping Control, is found to have committed an anti-doping rule violation under Article 7.6.1 and another under Article 7.6.2 below, the athlete shall be considered to have committed a single rule violation, but the sanction imposed shall be based on the Prohibited Substance and Method that carries the most severe sanction.
- 5.3** Where a person is found to have committed two separate rule violations, one involving Article 7.6.1, and the other involving Article 7.6.2 below, the period of ban imposed for the second offence shall be at a minimum two years and at a maximum three years. Any person found to have committed a third offence involving any such combination shall receive a lifetime ban.

CHAPTER VI. – AUTOMATIC INVALIDATION OF RESULTS

- 6.1** Any presence of a Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers in an athlete's bodily Specimen during a competition automatically leads to invalidation of all results obtained at the respective competition (with all its consequences, including forfeit of any medals, points and prizes), irrespective of any punishment that is applied.



- 6.2** Any presence of a Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers in a team member's bodily Specimen during a competition automatically leads to invalidation of all results of the team obtained at the respective competition (with all its consequences, including forfeit of any medals, points and prizes), irrespective of any other punishment that is applied.

CHAPTER VII. – DISCIPLINARY PUNISHMENTS

Disciplinary punishments that may be imposed are:

7.1 REPRIMANDS

A Reprimand shall be imposed in case of:

- a) jeopardising or defaming the honour or reputation of the UIPM or its interests;
- b) insulting the UIPM, its bodies, its members, its members' bodies or guests of the UIPM;
- c) insignificant violations of rules for which there is not an expressly stated more severe disciplinary punishment;
- d) insignificant violations of the principles of fair play or the requirements of sportsmanship, for which there is not stated a penalty;
- e) as a minimum on athletes who can establish that the Use of any Specified Substance under the WADA Prohibited List was not intended to enhance sport performance, as a replacement of the period of ban found in Article 7.6.1 below.

7.2 EXPULSION

In addition to any penalty imposed on him, an athlete shall be expelled from the competition venue at any time for disturbing the maintenance of order by gesture, attitude or words after or without prior reprimand.

7.3 DISQUALIFICATION

7.3.1 An athlete shall be disqualified for any serious violation of the principles of fair play or the requirements of sportsmanship for which there is not stated any other disciplinary punishment.

7.3.2 If a member of a team is disqualified, also the team shall be disqualified from the competition.

7.4 FINES

7.4.1 Fines are imposed on those who seriously violate the UIPM Statutes, Rules and decisions of the bodies and other competent agents of the UIPM. Those who damage the interests and reputation of the UIPM may also be fined. They will be fined from 45 USD - 600 USD. The fines become the property of the UIPM.

7.4.2 Athletes belonging to the UIPM Registered Testing Pool and athletes selected for Target Testing that infringe their duty under the UIPM Medical Rules to timely report their whereabouts will be fined from 45 - 300 USD. The fines become the property of the UIPM.



7.5 SUSPENSION

In case of a blood test showing the final results of haemoglobin exceeding 17 g/dl in male and 16 g/dl in female athletes or haematocrit values exceeding 50% for male athletes and 47% for female athletes, the respective athlete will be suspended for health reasons with immediate effect from the respective competition for a period of 15 days until a blood re-control shows haemoglobin values below 17 g/dl for male and 16 g/dl for females athletes and haematocrit values below 50% for male and 47% for female athletes.

7.6 BAN

- 7.6.1 A ban of two years will be imposed on athletes who are found having violated Articles 1.2.2 (Presence of a Prohibited Substance or its Metabolites or Markers), 1.2.3 (Use or attempted use of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method), 1.2.4 (Refusing or failing to submit to Sample collection), 1.2.6 (Tampering with Doping Control) or 1.2.7 (Possession of Prohibited Substances and Methods) of the UIPM Medical Rules, in or out of competition. Athletes who are found a having been doped in such a way *a second time* shall be banned for life from UIPM competitions.
- 7.6.2 A ban of a maximum one year as a replacement of the period of ban found in Article 7.6.1 above shall be imposed on athletes who can establish that the Use of any Specified Substance under the WADA Prohibited List was not intended to enhance sport performance. Athletes who are found having used one of these substances a second time will be banned for a two-year period. Any other additional offence of this kind will result in a lifetime ban from UIPM competitions.
- 7.6.3 A ban of a minimum three months and at a maximum two years shall be imposed on athletes belonging to the UIPM Registered Testing Pool or having been selected for Target Testing who are found of having violated Articles 4.3 and 4.7 UIPM Medical Rules (whereabouts violation), after having been once fined according to article 7.4.2 above.
- 7.6.4 On athletes having been found having violated Articles 1.2.8 (Trafficking) or 1.2.9 (Administration of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method) of the UIPM Medical Rules a ban of a minimum of four years up to lifetime shall be imposed. For athletes found having violated any of these provisions, ignorance of the nature or composition of the prohibited substances or the nature or effects of the methods in question does not constitute extenuating circumstances or grounds for exemption from punishment. Any such anti-doping rule violation involving a Minor shall be considered a particularly serious violation. Athletes found having committed any such anti-doping rule violation are also excluded from any function within UIPM for life. In addition, any such violation which also violates non-sporting-laws and regulations, may be reported to the competent administrative, professional or judicial authorities.
- 7.6.5 The ban shall begin on the day when the Sample on which the sanction is based has been collected or at the day when the ban has been imposed. The competent body will decide considering the requirements of fairness to the other athletes. The ban will include all official UIPM competitions and the Olympic Games which might take place during the period of sanction. In case of a ban based on Article 7.6.1 above the person will lose all sport-related financial support or other sport-related benefits from the UIPM and the respective Member Federation. An athlete banned for a period longer than four years may, after completing four years of the period of ban, participate in local sports events in a sport other than sports subject to the jurisdictions of the UIPM and its Member



Federations, but only as long as the local sport competition is not at a level that could otherwise qualify such person directly or indirectly to compete in or accumulate points towards a national championship or international competition.

7.6.6 As a condition to regaining eligibility at the end of a specified period of ban, an athlete must, during any period of ban, make himself available for out of competition testing by the UIPM, the applicable Member Federation, and any other Anti Doping Organisation having testing jurisdiction, and must provide current and accurate whereabouts information as provided in Article 4 of the UIPM Medical Rules. If an athlete subject to a period of ban retires from sport and is removed from out of competition testing pools and later seeks reinstatement, the athlete shall not be eligible for reinstatement until the athlete has notified the UIPM and the applicable Member Federation and has been subject to out of competition testing for a period of time equal to the longer of the period set forth in Article 4.3 of the UIPM Medical Rules or the period of ban remaining as of the date the athlete had retired. During such remaining period of ban, a minimum of two tests must be conducted on the athlete with at least three months between each test. The respective Member Federation shall be responsible for conducting the necessary tests, but tests by any Anti Doping Organisation may be used to satisfy the requirement. The results of such tests shall be reported to the UIPM. In addition, immediately prior to the end of the ban period, an athlete must undergo an out of competition test by the UIPM. Once the period of an athlete's ban has expired, and the athlete has fulfilled the conditions of reinstatement, then the athlete will become automatically re-eligible and no application by the athlete or by the athlete's National Federation will then be necessary.

7.6.7 No ban may be imposed for a violation of the UIPM Medical Rules unless the respective procedure is commenced within eight years from the date the violation occurred.

7.7 REFUSAL OF BLOOD-TEST OR DOPING CONTROL

An athlete who fails or refuses to submit to blood or urine anti-doping control after having been requested to do so, will be treated as if evidence of doping, of excessive use of alcohol or of exceeded haematocrit values in the blood would have been established. In these cases culpability is legally assumed.

7.8 RETURN OF A PRIZE

If an athlete or a team is disqualified after having been awarded a prize, the prize must be returned to the Competition Jury to be awarded to the next athlete or team in the final placing as soon as possible, at the latest at the next competition.

7.9 CONFISCATION OF EQUIPMENT

Any equipment which does not correspond to the Rules and is used by an athlete is confiscated by the Competition Jury and delivered to the respective National Federation at the end of the competition season.

CHAPTER VIII. - DISCIPLINARY MEASURES

Disciplinary measures are imposed on persons listed under Article 2.2 above:

8.1 REPRIMAND

8.1.1 A reprimand is given for insignificant offences against the Statutes and Rules of the UIPM or against decisions of the bodies of the UIPM and when endangerment or damage is done to the reputation or interests of the UIPM.



8.2 FINES

- 8.2.1 Fines are imposed on those who seriously violate the UIPM Statutes, Rules and decisions of the bodies and other competent agents of the UIPM. Those who damage the interests and reputation of the UIPM may also be fined. They will be fined from 45 USD - 600 USD.
- 8.2.2 Persons responsible for a horse and the owner of a horse, which has been found doped under the UIPM Medical Rules are fined from 45 – 600 USD.
- 8.2.3 The fines become the property of the UIPM.

8.3 EXPULSION

Spectators, persons under Article 2.2 above, and other persons accompanying an athlete can be expelled from the venue for interfering with the maintenance of good order by the chairman of the Competition Jury.

8.4 BAN

- 8.4.1 Any person under Article 2.2 above and/or persons tasked to organise UIPM events found having violated or co-operated in violating Articles 1.2.6 (Tampering with Doping Control) or 1.2.7 (Possession of Prohibited Substances and Methods) of the UIPM Medical Rules by athletes – with or without the knowledge of the athletes - in or out of competition are banned from UIPM competitions for two years for the first violation and for life for the second violation.
- 8.4.2 Any person under Article 2.2 above and/or persons tasked to organise UIPM events found having violated Articles 1.2.2 (Presence of a Prohibited Substance), 1.2.3 (Use or Attempted Use), 1.2.8 (Trafficking) or 1.2.9 (Administration of a Prohibited Substance or Prohibited Method) of the UIPM Medical Rules shall be banned for a minimum of four years up to life from participation in any UIPM sports organisation, body, activity or event in any capacity whatsoever. Any attempt to such violation shall be penalised in the same manner as the act itself. For persons found having committed such a violation, ignorance of the nature or composition of the Prohibited Substances or the nature and effects of the methods in question does not constitute attenuating circumstances or grounds for exemption from punishment. Any such violation involving a Minor shall be considered a particularly serious violation, and, if committed by athlete support personnel, shall result in ban for lifetime. In addition, such violations which also violate non-sporting laws and regulations, may be reported to the competent administrative, professional or judicial authorities.
- 8.4.3 The period of ban shall start on the date of the decision imposing the ban. In case of a ban based on Article 8.4.1 above the person will lose all sport-related financial support or other sport-related benefits from the UIPM and the respective Member Federation.
- 8.4.4 No ban may be imposed for a violation of the UIPM Medical Rules unless the respective procedure is commenced within eight years from the date the violation occurred.



8.5 REMOVAL FROM DUTIES

- 8.5.1 Persons listed in Article 2.2 above who seriously violate time and again the UIPM Statutes, the UIPM Rules or decisions made by UIPM bodies or other authorities of the UIPM shall be removed from their UIPM function.
- 8.5.2 The owner of a horse that has been found doped under the UIPM Medical Rules, will be excluded for life from ever providing any horse for UIPM competitions.

CHAPTER IX. – SANCTIONS ON MEMBER FEDERATIONS AND ORGANISING COMMITTEES

- 9.1 A member federation which does not inform the UIPM Medical Committee on the use of admissible substances, which must be registered before the start of a competition in writing, will be sentenced to a fine of USD 300 in case the use is found out at the occasion of an anti-doping control by the laboratory.
- 9.2 A member federation which infringes its duty under the UIPM Medical Rules to report timely to the UIPM the whereabouts of its athletes belonging to the UIPM Registered Testing Pool or having been selected for Target Testing will be fined by USD 300. The same fine will be imposed if more than one athlete or other person from a National Federation commits a violation of the UIPM Medical Rules during a year.
- 9.3 A member federation is obligated to reimburse the UIPM for all costs including, but not limited to, laboratory fees, hearing expenses and travel related to the violation of the UIPM Medical Rules by an athlete or person under Article 2.2 above affiliated with that National Federation.
- 9.4 An Organising Committee which violates its obligations under the UIPM Competition Rules and UIPM Medical Rules will be fined USD 300.
- 9.5 The fines become the property of the UIPM.

CHAPTER X. - ORGANS AND SUBJECT MATTER JURISDICTION

- 10.1 Disciplinary power is exercised in first instance by the Competition Jury and the UIPM Executive Board.
- 10.2 The UIPM Executive Board is responsible for the imposition of disqualification in doping matters, suspensions, bans and fines as well as removal from duties. The Competition Jury is responsible for the imposition of all other disciplinary punishments and disciplinary measures. For the composition of and procedure before the Competition Jury see Article 1.17.3 UIPM Competition Rules.
- 10.3 Appeal against disciplinary decisions of the Competition Jury may be lodged with the Jury of Appeal, appeal against disciplinary decisions of the UIPM Executive Board may be lodged with the UIPM Court of Arbitration. For the composition of and procedure before the Jury of Appeal see Article 1.17.4 UIPM Competition Rules.



CHAPTER XI. - UIPM COURT OF ARBITRATION

11.1 Composition

The UIPM Court of Arbitration as an independent institution is made up of three arbitrators. At least the chairperson must have the qualification of a Judge or similar legal experience.

11.2 Nomination, Seat

11.2.1 Each member federation of the UIPM has the right to nominate two arbitrators who form a list of arbiters where from the UIPM Court of Arbitration will be composed for each individual case. The nominations are to be sent by registered mail to the UIPM Secretary General. A nomination must be withdrawn and replaced by another in case of death or long-term disability of the nominated person.

11.2.2 The UIPM Secretary General functions as depositary for the list of arbitrators and informs the UIPM members every year by 1st of January of the actual names on the list.

11.3 Competences

The UIPM Court of Arbitration is responsible

- a) to arbitrate controversies between the UIPM and its Member Federations;
- b) between UIPM Member Federations;
- c) to decide on appeals against disciplinary punishments and disciplinary measures imposed by the Executive Board;
- d) to decide on appeals against decisions of Executive Boards of Continental Confederations;
- e) to decide on controversies under UIPM contracts and agreements as well as under declarations within UIPM.

11.4 Establishment

11.4.1 In a concrete case under Article 11.3 lit a) of these Rules one arbitrator out of the list of arbiters is appointed by the UIPM Executive Board, the other member is appointed by the respective UIPM Member Federation. In a concrete case under Article 11.3 lit b) of these Rules each of the two UIPM Member Federations appoints one arbitrator out of the list of arbiters. In a concrete case under Article 11.3 lit c) of these Rules one arbitrator out of the list of arbiters is appointed by the appellant, the other is appointed by the UIPM Executive Board. In a concrete case under Article 11.3 lit d) of these Rules one arbitrator out of the list of arbiters is appointed by the appellant, the other is appointed by the respective Executive Boards of Continental Confederations. In a concrete case under Article 11.3 lit e) of these Rules one arbitrator out of the list of arbiters is appointed by the UIPM Executive Board, the other is appointed by the legal representative of the other party/parties to the dispute.

11.4.2 Within ten days of the appointment of the second arbitrator, both arbitrators have to agree on a chairperson. If the nomination of a chairperson does not occur during the 10-day time limit or if the two arbitrators cannot agree on a time limit in which the chairperson will be nominated then the chairperson will be appointed by the President of the ICAS Lausanne on the motion of a party.



CHAPTER XII. - PROCEDURE FOR THE EXECUTIVE BOARD

- 12.1** A decision on a disciplinary punishment or disciplinary measure which falls in the competence of the UIPM Executive Board is taken after the person concerned has been heard in the next ordinary session or in an extraordinary session of the UIPM Executive Board. For the procedure, the UIPM Statutes and the UIPM Rules on Internal Organisation apply.
- 12.2** The person concerned and his National Federation have to be granted a timely legal hearing and access to the services of an advisor and interpreter. The person concerned has the right to present evidence, including the right to call and question witnesses. The Board shall not be restricted in the admission or evaluation of evidence.
- 12.3** The decision with its reasons must be delivered in writing to the person concerned within 14 days of when it passed.
- 12.4** The costs that accrue from the procedure are borne in case of a conviction by the person concerned or alternatively by his Member Federation.

CHAPTER XIII. - PROCEEDINGS FOR THE UIPM COURT OF ARBITRATION

- 13.1** The claimant must lodge his claim (appeal) with the UIPM Court of Arbitration in writing by registered letter to the UIPM Secretary General. In the case of appeal this must happen within twenty-one days after the receipt of the respective decision. Within ten days from notice of the decision, such party shall have the right to request from the UIPM Executive Board having issued the decision a copy of the documentation on which the Executive Board relied. If such a request is made within the ten-day period, then the party making such request shall have twenty-one days from receipt of the documentation to file an appeal to the UIPM Court of Arbitration. All claims must set out briefly their nature and the facts relating thereto and must include the appointment of an arbitrator. The UIPM Secretary General must inform on the claim the other party to a controversy or the body against which is appealed without any delay.
- 13.2** The other party to the controversy must advise of its appointment of an arbitrator within one month after the receipt of the information on a claim by the UIPM Secretary General to him. If this party fails to make this appointment, the claimant may seek the appointment of the second arbitrator by the UIPM Secretary General.
- 13.3** In their decisions, the arbitrators are bound by the UIPM Statutes, the UIPM Rules on Internal Organisation, the UIPM Competition Rules, UIPM Medical Rules, UIPM Disciplinary Rules, all other UIPM Rules as well as all provisions of substantive law of the Principality of Monaco. To the extent not provided otherwise by the Constitution and Rules of the UIPM, the general Monegasque rules of civil procedure apply to the arbitration proceedings.
- 13.4** According to the circumstances and with the exception of cases under Article 11.3 lit c) and d), the arbitrators should strive to bring about an amicable settlement. In case of necessity the President of the UIPM Court of Arbitration is authorised to decide upon provisional or conservatory measures.
- 13.5** The UIPM Court of Arbitration makes its decision after an oral hearing if possible within three months of its constitution.



- 13.6** In the oral hearing, the circumstances of the dispute shall be determined following representations by the claimant or his representative, a representative of the other party to the controversy, any witnesses and any experts nominated by the UIPM Court of Arbitration.
- 13.7** The admission of other evidence does not require motions by parties.
- 13.8** The claimant or his representative and the representative of the other party may be present during the examination of witnesses and comment on their testimony.
- 13.9** Hearings are open to UIPM members.
- 13.10** The non-appearance of a party does not hinder the carrying out of the procedure.
- 13.11** The claimant and the other party may avail themselves of the assistance of a legal advisor and an interpreter at any stage of the proceedings.
- 13.12** Appeals against decisions of the UIPM Executive Board or an Executive Board of a Continental Confederation have no suspensive effect.
- 13.13** The UIPM Court of Arbitration's decisions with reasons in writing are to be transmitted to both parties to the controversy by registered mail within 14 days of their issue.
- 13.14** The UIPM Court of Arbitration may also rule on the costs of the proceedings. These can be split among the parties or imposed on one party only. Upon filing of the arbitration request, the claimant shall pay a fee of USD 300, without which the UIPM Court of Arbitration shall not proceed. Upon formation of the Court, the UIPM Secretary General shall fix, subject to later changes, the amount and the method of payment of the advance of costs. Each party shall advance the costs for one arbitrator, half of the costs of the president and the costs for its own witnesses, experts and interpreters.
- 13.15** There is appeal against decision of the UIPM Court of Arbitration to the Court of Arbitration for Sports (CAS), Lausanne. In addition to the parties involved in the arbitration case, in matters of doping any other Anti Doping Organisation under whose rules a sanction could have been imposed, the International Olympic Committee, as far as the decision may have effect in relation to the Olympic Games, and WADA shall have a right to appeal to the CAS. Concerning the time for filing such appeals Article 13.1 above applies accordingly.

CHAPTER XIV. - EXEMPTION FROM LIABILITY

Competent organs under these Rules and their members cannot be made liable for claims arising out of the enforcement of the present Rules for Penalties and Disciplinary Measures.

CHAPTER XV. - ENTRY INTO FORCE

This version of the UIPM Disciplinary Rules enters into force 1 January 2005 with adoption by the UIPM Executive Board July 2004 and approval by the UIPM Congress December 2004.

